

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/695,154 10/28/2003		10/28/2003	Nansheng Sun	CASE 7039 6444			
41669	41669 7590 04/01/2005				EXAMINER		
THE BABO	OCK &	WILCOX COMP	WILSON, GREGORY A				
PATENT DE		ENT REN AVENUE	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER				
BARRERTO			3749				

DATE MAILED: 04/01/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	n No	Applicant(a)				
				Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/695,15	4	SUN, NANSHENG				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
- 		Gregory A		3749				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on the	cover sheet with the d	correspondence address				
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIOnsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication experiod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per or to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by streply received by the Office later than three months after the med patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. R 1.136(a). In no eve . reply within the statu riod will apply and wil atute, cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be tir tory minimum of thirty (30) day I expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	8 January 2005	5 .					
·	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.							
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	 ✓ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. ✓ Claim(s) 14 is/are allowed. ✓ Claim(s) 1-6 and 9-12 is/are rejected. ✓ Claim(s) 7,8 and 13 is/are objected to. ✓ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 							
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.						
10)	10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
Attachmen	t(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary					
3) 🔲 Infor	te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB er No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ete Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 10/695,154

Art Unit: 3749

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 2, 5, 6, 11, and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Van Swam (6,519,309). Van Swam discloses a tube support structure in a lattice array (SEE Figure 1) for use within an array of heat exchanger tubes (20), each tube having a diameter and longitudinal axis, the tube structure having a tube support bar (40) for use between a pair of heat exchanger tubes, the support bar comprised of a first metallic strip (42) and a second metallic strip (46). The different materials of the first and second strips are taught in column 3, lines 17-30, wherein it is suggested to use zirconium alloys for the underlying metal of the spacer strips; the one strip material is Zircaloy. Zircaloy and Zirconium alloys are different materials, one having a greater coefficient of thermal expansion over the other. The strips (42, 46) are initially flat (SEE Figure 1) but the Zircaloy will bow at temperatures where zirconium alloys won't. Furthermore, the strips (42) & (46) are attached at spaced intervals being only separate at channels (48).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3 & 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van Swam (6,519,309). Van Swam discloses the applicants' primary inventive concept as stated above, but does not particularly teach different sizes for the metallic strips. It would have been obvious matter of design choice to modify Van Swam by having the metallic strip closest to the heat exchanger tubes have a thinner dimension for bowing purposes than the outer metallic strip, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of a component. A change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van Swam (6,519,309). Van Swam discloses the applicant's primary inventive concept, as stated above, but uses Zircaloy and zirconium alloys as the materials for the strips. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use materials made of SB-166 1690 and SA 240 type 410S steels, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known

Art Unit: 3749

material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice.

Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van Swam (6,519,309). Van Swam discloses the applicants' primary inventive concept, as stated above, but does not disclose the optimum range in which the tube support structure will be in operation. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to design the tube support structure to withstand temperatures of about 550 degrees F, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 7, 8, and 13 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim 14 is allowed.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 1/18/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. It is noted that the applicants' arguments are primarily focused around statements pertaining to Van Swam '309 not teaching nor suggesting that the doublet of

Art Unit: 3749

strips are made of different materials and not teaching that one strip of the doublet has a coefficient of thermal expansion greater than the other. The examiner hereby respectfully disagrees and maintains that different/separate materials are being taught by Van Swam (6,519,309). Particular attention is directed to column 3, lines 21-30, wherein Zircaloy material is typically used to form at least part of the spacers. Van Swam furthermore teaches that the use of zirconium alloys serve as a sort of reinforcement for the Zircaloy strip. It is also well known in the art that temperature affects growth, wherein the Zircaloy strip would bow where the zirconium alloy taught herein would not. This is considered by the examiner to anticipate the applicants' teaching of the differences in coefficient of thermal expansion.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Art Unit: 3749

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gregory A. Wilson whose telephone number is (703) 308-1239. The examiner can normally be reached on 7 am - 4:30 pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ira Lazarus can be reached on (703)308-1935. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

GREGORY WILSON PRIMARY EXAMINER

Gaw

March 22, 2005